

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

ETERNAL NEXT

FORBO FLOORING SYSTEMS

RESILIENT HETEROGENEOUS VINYL FLOOR COVERING

Eternal NEXT

Color 610032 "fossil stucco"



FLOORING SYSTEMS

Forbo's Eternal is a high quality heterogeneous sheet vinyl floor covering that fits all general purpose needs in various segments and applications. Eternal creates better environments in which to work, live, interact, relax, heal, learn and play

Eternal NEXT is a selection of items from the Eternal core collection, with increased stability, allowing for loose installation and easy removal after use. Eternal NEXT consists of the most realistic wood designs in the market, but also essential concretes.

Forbo was the first flooring manufacturer to publish a complete Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) report verified by CML in 2000 to create full transparency that is independently evaluated. To offer further transparency this EPD is also including additional information to show the impacts on human health and ecotoxicity.

For more information visit;

www.forbo-flooring.com



ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION



FLOORING SYSTEMS

Loose lay sheet – Eternal NEXT
Resilient Heterogeneous Vinyl Floor Covering

According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804

This declaration is an environmental product declaration (EPD) in accordance with ISO 14025. EPDs rely on Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) to provide information on a number of environmental impacts of products over their life cycle. Exclusions: EPDs do not indicate that any environmental or social performance benchmarks are met, and there may be impacts that they do not encompass. LCAs do not typically address the site-specific environmental impacts of raw material extraction, nor are they meant to assess human health toxicity. EPDs can complement but cannot replace tools and certifications that are designed to address these impacts and/or set performance thresholds – e.g. Type 1 certifications, health assessments and declarations, environmental impact assessments, etc. Accuracy of Results: EPDs regularly rely on estimations of impacts, and the level of accuracy in estimation of effect differs for any particular product line and reported impact. Comparability: EPDs are not comparative assertions and are either not comparable or have limited comparability when they cover different life cycle stages, are based on different product category rules or are missing relevant environmental impacts. EPDs from different programs may not be comparable.



PROGRAM OPERATOR	UL Environment 333 Pfingsten Road Northbrook, IL 60611
DECLARATION HOLDER	Forbo Flooring B.V. Industrieweg 12 P.O. Box 13 NL-1560 AA Krommenie
DECLARATION NUMBER	4791748685.101.1
DECLARED PRODUCT	Eternal NEXT
REFERENCE PCR	EN 15804+A2: Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products EN 16810:2017 Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings – Environmental product declarations – Product category rules
DATE OF ISSUE	May 7th, 2025
PERIOD OF VALIDITY	5 Years
CONTENTS OF THE DECLARATION	Product definition and information about building physics Information about basic material and the material's origin Description of the product's manufacture Indication of product processing Information about the in-use conditions Life cycle assessment results Testing results and verifications
The PCR review was conducted by:	
European Standards	
CEN/TC 134	
https://www.en-standard.eu/	

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION



Loose lay sheet – Eternal NEXT
Resilient Heterogeneous Vinyl Floor Covering

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This declaration was independently verified in accordance with ISO 14025 by Underwriters Laboratories ☐ INTERNAL ☒ EXTERNAL	 Cooper McCollum, UL Solutions
This life cycle assessment was independently verified in accordance with ISO 14044 and the reference PCR by:	 Thomas P. Gloria, Industrial Ecology Consultants

This EPD conforms with EN 15804

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION



FLOORING SYSTEMS

Loose lay sheet – Eternal NEXT
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1 Product Definition

1.1 Description of Company/Organization

Product optimization makes our loose lay products better balanced than ever before by an upgraded product construction with extra attention for good performance straight out of the box.

Eternal NEXT is equipped with a double glass fleece as an extra balance layer. This means the product is and remains flat before and after installation. Eternal NEXT is easy to cut and handle, also in complex installations. Like all Eternal products it is protected by a proven PUR finish

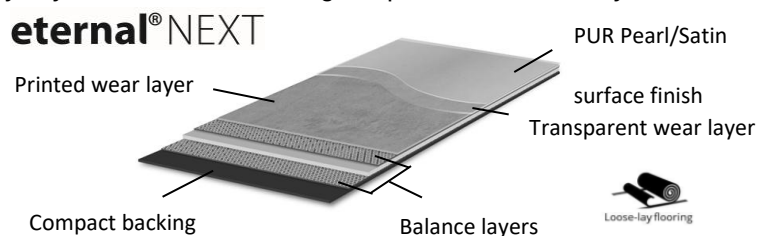
Making Eternal has always been done in a way to achieve the lowest carbon footprint; the starting point for innovation and development. The Forbo organization has key environmental focus areas to displaying a carbon-negative product portfolio, using renewable electricity, becoming a zero-waste company and actively contributing to the circular economy.

For its complete manufacturing of Eternal, Forbo holds all the main certifications. For environmental performance **ISO 14001**, for quality **ISO 9001**, **SA8000** for social accountability and **ISO 45001** for Occupational Health and Safety Management Systems.

1.2 Product Classification and description

This declaration covers the Eternal NEXT collection, part of Forbo Flooring Systems Eternal General Purpose Vinyl offer. Eternal NEXT consists of a range of items in different designs and colors, combining the aesthetics of natural wood and stone flooring with the advantages of strong and durable project vinyl: warm underfoot, sound absorbing, easy installation & maintenance. Eternal NEXT is phthalate free, includes recycled raw materials, is produced by using green energy in efficient manufacturing environments and in-house recycling capability.

Eternal NEXT sheet from Forbo Flooring is a resilient floor covering complying with all the requirements of EN-ISO 10582: Resilient floor coverings – Heterogeneous polyvinyl chloride floor coverings - Specification. The key raw materials include PVC, plasticizer, mineral filler, stabilizers and glass fiber. Eternal NEXT is produced by Forbo Flooring and is sold worldwide. This declaration refers to Eternal NEXT sheet of 2.5 mm nominal thickness with a 0,70 mm wear layer covering.



Eternal NEXT is built up in 5 layers:

1. Proven PUR lacquer with embossed topcoat - scratch and stain resistant topcoat, optimal to clean and maintain
2. Calandered transparent wear layer – a durable wear layer suitable for high traffic areas
3. Printed layer on top of a coated layer – multiple layers of ink creating depth in authentic patterns
4. Thick glass fleece carrier – the basis for dimensional stable planks and tiles
5. Embossed balancing backing layer – maximal adhesion including $\geq 20\%$ recycled content

This declaration refers to the declared/functional unit of 1 m² installed flooring product.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION



Loose lay sheet – Eternal NEXT
Resilient Heterogeneous Vinyl Floor Covering

According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804

1.3 Range of application

Eternal NEXT is classified in accordance with EN-ISO 11638 to be installed in the following use areas defined in EN-ISO 10874:

Area of application	Eternal NEXT
Commercial	Class 34
Industrial	Class 43



Examples of use areas

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION



FLOORING SYSTEMS

Loose lay sheet – Eternal NEXT
Resilient Heterogeneous Vinyl Floor Covering

According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804

1.4 Product Standard

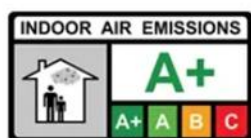
The products considered in this EPD have the following technical specifications:

- Meets or exceeds all technical requirements in EN-ISO 10582 Resilient floor coverings – Heterogeneous polyvinyl chloride floor coverings – Specification

Allura meets the requirements of EN 14041 and BS EN 14041		
EN 13501-1	Reaction to fire	
EN 13893	Slip resistance	
EN 1815	Body voltage	
EN ISO10456	Thermal conductivity	0,25 W/mK

Emission testing:

- AgBB requirements following EN ISO 16000-9 Indoor Air Emissions : TVOC at 28 days
- French act Grenelle: A+
- Compliant with CHPS 01350 requirements for VOC emissions and indoor air quality.



1.5 Accreditation

All Forbo Flooring Systems' manufacturing operations have certified Management System in accordance with:

- ISO 9001 Quality Management System
- ISO 14001 Environmental Management System
- ISO 45001 Occupational Health and Safety Management Systems
- SA 8000 Social Accountability standard

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION



FLOORING SYSTEMS

Loose lay sheet – Eternal NEXT
Resilient Heterogeneous Vinyl Floor Covering

According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804

1.6 Delivery Status

Table 1: Specification of delivered product

Characteristics	Nominal Value	Unit
Product thickness	2.50	mm
Product Weight	3.60	kg/m ²
Rolls Width Length	2.00 ~21 / ≤ 24	meter meter

2 Material Content

2.1 Material Content of the Product

Table 2: Average composition of Eternal NEXT

Component	Material	Availability			Amount [%]	Origin
		Renewable	Recycled	Non-Renewable		
Binder	PVC			X	37	Europe
	DOTP & Dibenzoates	X		X	17.5	Europe
Filler	Calcium carbonate		X		8	Europe
	Dolomite			Abundant mineral	16.5	Europe
	Reused & recycled vinyl		X		14	Internal/External
Pigments	Titanium Dioxide plus others			X	0.5	Europe
Stabilizers and process additives	Proprietary mixtures & lubricants			X	3	Europe
Backing	Glass fleece			X	3	
Finish	PU lacquer			X	0.5	Europe

2.2 Production of Main Materials

PVC: Polymer which is produced by the polymerization of vinyl chloride monomer.

DOTP: A non-phthalate plasticizer, being the diester of terephthalic acid and the branched-chain 2-ethylhexanol. This colorless viscous liquid used for softening PVC plastics is known for chemical similarity to general purpose phthalates such as DEHP and DINP, but without any negative regulatory pressure.

Stabilizer Ba/Zn: Mixed metal stabilizer made from Barium and Zinc stearate. It is used to avoid PVC degradation during processing at relative high temperature.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION



FLOORING SYSTEMS

Loose lay sheet – Eternal NEXT
Resilient Heterogeneous Vinyl Floor Covering

According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804

Calcium carbonate: The calcium carbonate used comes from a pre-consumer recycling process.

Dolomite: An abundant mineral mined in northern Norway.

Reused and recycled Vinyl: Scrap material coming from the vinyl production, which is reused and post-consumer recycled vinyl scrap, grinded and processed as raw material into new flooring

Glass fleece: Glass fibers are mixed with a binder to produce a glass fleece which is used as a substrate for floor coverings and imparts excellent dimensional stability to the finished product.

Titanium dioxide: A white pigment produced from the mineral rutile, a naturally occurring form of titanium dioxide. The production of the pigment is a large-scale chemical process.

Lacquer: Thermally cross-linked polyurethane coating

3 Production of the Floor Covering

3.1 Manufacturing

The production of Eternal NEXT includes the following processes:

- Preparation of PVC plastisols (mixture of PVC, plasticizer, filler and additives)
- Impregnation of the glass fleece with a highly filled plastisol followed by the application of a thin white plastisol coating.
- Rotogravure printing, using water based inks, to produce wood, stone or abstract designs.
- Digital HD printing, using water based inks, to produce wood, stone or abstract designs
- Application of calendered PVC topcoat and PU lacquer. The topcoat is mechanically embossed to enhance the decorative effect.
- A calendered back layer is then applied to the product. This layer contains a minimum of 20% of production waste.
- The finished product is then trimmed and inspected.
- Trimmings & rejected product are recycled back into the calendered backing layer.

3.2 Production Waste

Rejected material and the cuttings of the trimming stage are being reused in the manufacturing process of heterogeneous vinyl. Packaging materials are being collected separately and externally recycled.

4 Delivery and Installation of the Floor Covering

4.1 Delivery

A worldwide distribution by truck and container ship is considered. On average every square meter of Eternal NEXT is transported as follows:

- | | |
|--|--------|
| ○ Transport distance 40 t truck | 513 km |
| ○ Transport distance 14 t truck (Fine distribution) | 246 km |
| ○ Capacity utilization trucks (including empty runs) | 100 % |
| ○ Transport distance Ocean ship | 152 km |
| ○ Capacity utilization Ocean ship | 100% |

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION



FLOORING SYSTEMS

Loose lay sheet – Eternal NEXT
Resilient Heterogeneous Vinyl Floor Covering

According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804

4.2 Installation

Because of the specific techniques used during the installation of Eternal NEXT approximately 6% of the material is cut off as installation waste. Cardboard tubes and packaging paper can be collected separately and should be used in a local recycling process. In the calculation model 100% incineration is taken into account for which there is a credit received.

Waste during the installation process may be recycled as floor covering through the manufacturers' facility. Forbo Flooring has a Back to The Floor program in which both post-installation and end of life flooring can be recycled.



BACK TO THE FLOOR
RECYCLING PROGRAM

5 Use stage

The service lifetime of a floor covering for a certain application on a floor is too widespread to give one common number. For this EPD model the reference service lifetime (RSL) is set to one year. This means that all impacts for the use phase are based on the cleaning and maintenance model for one year. Depending on the area of use, the technical lifetime advised by the manufacturer and the estimated time on the floor by the customer, the service lifetime can be determined. The use phase impacts should be calculated with the foreseen service life to arrive at the total environmental impact.

5.1 Cleaning and Maintenance

Level of use	Cleaning Process	Cleaning Frequency	Consumption of energy and resources
Commercial/Residential/Industrial	Dust mopping	Daily	-
	Damp mopping	Once a week	Hot water Neutral detergent

For the calculations the following cleaning regime is considered:

- Dry cleaning with a dust mop
- Once a week wet cleaning with 0.062 l/m² water and 0.0008 kg/m² detergent. This result in the use of 3.224 l/m²*year water and 0.04 kg/m²*year detergent. The wet cleaning takes place without power machine usage. Waste water treatment of the arising waste water from cleaning is considered.

The cleaning regime that is recommended in practice will be highly dependent on the use of the premises where the floor covering is installed. In high traffic areas more frequent cleaning will be needed compared to areas where there is low traffic. The use of an entrance mat of at least four steps will reduce the cleaning frequency.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION



FLOORING SYSTEMS

Loose lay sheet – Eternal NEXT
Resilient Heterogeneous Vinyl Floor Covering

According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804

5.2 Prevention of Structural Damage

All newly laid floor covering should be covered and protected with a suitable non-staining protective covering if other building activities are still in progress. Use protective feet on chairs and tables to reduce scratching. Castor wheels should be suitable for resilient floor coverings.

6 End of Life

Eternal NEXT can be easily dismantled and reused after usage. For recycling purposes both the subfloor and the floor covering need to remain as intact as possible at the end of Life stage and contamination of the material needs to be avoided. Therefore the deconstruction of installed Eternal NEXT is a perfect solution as it can be done manually with no degradation of the subfloor.

For the end of life stage two scenarios have been calculated assuming that the flooring is either 100% incinerated or 100% landfilled. Given the loose-lay properties, re-use and end of life recycling are realistic alternatives in the future.

7 Life Cycle Assessment

A full Life Cycle Assessment has been carried out according to ISO 14040 and ISO 14044.

The following Life Cycle Stages are assessed :

- A1-3 : Product Stage (Raw material acquisition, transportation to Manufacturing and Manufacturing)
- A4-5 : Construction process stage (Transport Gate to User, installation flooring)
- B2 : Use Stage (Maintenance of the floor). For floor coverings the modules B1, B3 to B7 are not relevant to the environmental performance of a product.
- C1-4 : End of Life Stage (Deconstruction, transport, waste processing, Disposal). Two different End of Life scenarios are declared and the results are indicated separately in module C. Each scenario is calculated as a 100% scenario:
 - Scenario 1: 100% Municipal Waste Incineration (MWI) with $R_1 > 60\%$
 - Scenario 2: 100% landfill disposal
- D : Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary (Reuse, recovery, recycling potential)

End of life scenario 1: 100% Municipal Waste Incineration (MWI) with $R_1 > 60\%$

- C3-1 (Waste processing): Impact from waste incineration, generated electricity and steam are listed in the result table as exported energy
- C4-1 (Disposal): The product waste leaves the system in module C3-1 and causes no additional impact
- D-1 (Recycling potential): Benefits for generated energy due to incineration of product waste at the end-of-life

End of life scenario 2: 100% landfill disposal

- C3-2 (Waste processing): Landfill disposal needs no waste processing and causes no additional impact
- C4-2(Disposal): Impact from landfill disposal
- D-2 (Recycling potential): Benefits for generated energy due to landfill disposal of product waste at the end of life

Modules C3-2 and C4-1 cause no additional impact and are therefore not displayed in the result tables.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION



FLOORING SYSTEMS

Loose lay sheet – Eternal NEXT
Resilient Heterogeneous Vinyl Floor Covering

According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804

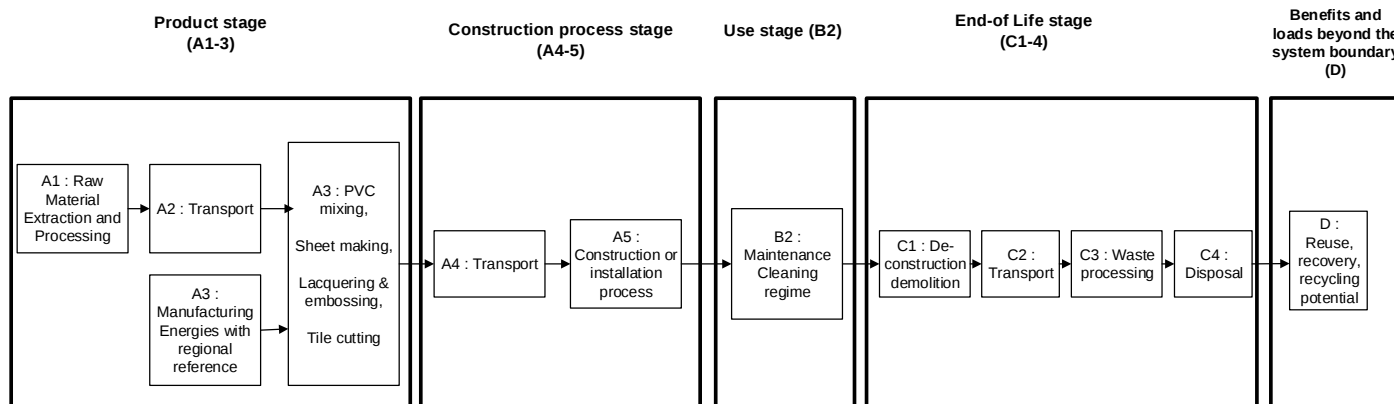


Figure 3: Flow chart of the Life Cycle Assessment

Comparisons of different floor coverings are only allowed, where EN 15804 consistent and/or preverified background data and EN 15804 consistent calculation methods and database versions are used and when the building context is taken into account, i.e. on the basis of the same use-classification (EN ISO 10874), same service life and comparable assumptions for the end of life.

7.1 Description of the Declared Functional Unit

The functional unit is one square meter of installed product and the use stage is considered for one year of service life.

7.2 Cut off Criteria

The cut-off criteria shall be 1% of renewable and non-renewable primary energy usage and 1% of the total mass of the unit process. The total neglected input flows per module shall be a maximum of 5% of energy usage and mass.

In practice, in this assessment, all data from the production data acquisition are considered, i.e. all raw materials used as per formulation, use of water, electricity and other fuels, the required packaging materials, and all direct production waste. Transport data on all considered inputs and output material are also considered.

7.3 Allocations

In the present study some allocations have been made. Detailed explanations can be found in the chapters below.

7.4 Co-product allocation

No co-product allocation occurs in the product system.

7.5 Allocation of multi-input processes

The Production and End of Life stage include incineration plants. In these processes different products are treated together within a process. The allocation procedures followed in these cases are based on a physical classification of

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION



FLOORING SYSTEMS

Loose lay sheet – Eternal NEXT
Resilient Heterogeneous Vinyl Floor Covering

According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804

the mass flows or calorific values.

Credits from energy substitution are allocated to the production stage, because the gained energy from energy substitution is lower than the energy input in this stage. The same quality of energy is considered.

7.6 Allocation procedure of reuse, recycling and recovery

The installation waste and end of life waste is fed into incineration processes. Incineration processes include cogeneration processes which give thermal and power energy as outputs. It is assumed that this recovered energy offsets that produced by the European average grid mix and thermal energy generation from natural gas. The gained energy is declared in module D as avoided environmental burden. Generated electricity and steam due to the incineration of installation and end of life waste are listed in the result table as exported energy.

7.7 Description of the allocation processes in the LCA report

The description of allocation rules in of this LCA report meets the requirements of the PCR.

7.8 LCA Data

As a general rule, specific data derived from specific production processes or average data derived from specific production processes have been used as the first choice as a basis for calculating an EPD.

For life cycle modeling of the considered products, the GaBi 10 Software System for Life Cycle Engineering, developed by Sphera has been used. All relevant LCA datasets are taken from the GaBi 10 software database. The datasets from the database GaBi are documented in the online documentation. To ensure comparability of results in the LCA, the basic data of GaBi database were used for energy, transportation and auxiliary materials.

7.9 Data Quality

The requirements for data quality and LCA data correspond to the specifications of the PCR.

Foreground data are based on 1 year averaged data (year 2024). The reference ages of LCA datasets vary but are given in the table in the Appendix. The time period over which inputs to and outputs from the system is accounted for is 100 years from the year for which the data set is deemed representative. The technological LCA of the collected data reflects the physical reality of the declared product. The datasets are complete, conform to the system boundaries and the criteria for the exclusion of inputs and outputs and are geographical representative for the supply chain of Forbo flooring.

For life cycle modeling of the considered products the GaBi 10 Software System for Life Cycle Engineering, developed by Sphera, is used. All relevant LCA datasets are taken from the GaBi 10 software database. The last revision of the used data sets took place within the last 10 years.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION



FLOORING SYSTEMS

Loose lay sheet – Eternal NEXT
Resilient Heterogeneous Vinyl Floor Covering

According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804

7.10 System Boundaries

Production Stage includes provision of all materials, products and energy, packaging processing and its transport, as well as waste processing up to the end-of waste state or disposal of final residues during the product stage.

Transport and Installation Stage includes provision of all materials, products and energy, as well as waste processing up to the end-of-waste state or disposal of final residues during the construction stage. These information modules also include all impacts and aspects related to any losses during this construction stage (i.e. production, transport, and waste processing and disposal of the lost products and materials). For the transportation a worldwide distribution is considered.

Use Stage includes provision and transport of all materials, products and related energy and water use, as well as waste processing up to the end-of-waste state or disposal of final residues during this part of the use stage. These information modules also include all impacts and aspects related to the losses during this part of the use stage (i.e. production, transport, and waste processing and disposal of the lost products and materials).

End of Life Stage includes provision and all transports, provision of all materials, products and related energy and water use. It also includes any declared benefits and loads from net flows leaving the product system that have not been allocated as co-products and that have passed the end-of-waste state in the form of reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials.

7.11 Power mix

The selection of LCA data for the electricity generation is in line with the PCR.

The products are manufactured in Coevorden, the Netherlands. The GaBi 10 Windpower dataset has therefore been used (reference year 2024). The energy supplier is providing Forbo with a certificate every year.

7.12 CO₂-Certificates

No CO₂-certificates are considered in this study as the Eternal NEXT manufacturing is realized without offsetting.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION



FLOORING SYSTEMS

Loose lay sheet – Eternal NEXT
Resilient Heterogeneous Vinyl Floor Covering

According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804

7.13 Life Cycle Inventory Analysis

In table 3 the results are presented in accordance with the EN 15804+A2 standard, which mandates the compensation of biogenic carbon uptake in stages A1-A3 at the end-of-life stage. This is referred to as the “-1 in/+1 out” approach. According to EN 15804+A2, this approach requires reporting biogenic carbon flows by accounting for carbon uptake (negative emission) during the product stage and carbon release (positive emission) during the end-of-life stage. In the installation phase (A5), the biogenic carbon absorbed by the packaging is released. Additionally, the biogenic carbon absorbed by the raw materials is released during phases C3/1 or C4/2.

The environmental impacts are presented for all the lifecycle stages with two End of Life scenarios:

- Scenario 1: 100% Municipal Waste Incineration (MWI) with R1 > 60%
- Scenario 2: 100% landfill disposal.

Table 3: Results of the LCA – Environmental impact for Eternal NEXT (one year)

Parameter	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	C1	C2	C3/1	C4/2	D/1	D/2
GWP - total [kg CO ₂ eq.]	7,32E+00	1,54E-01	1,01E-01	6,20E-02	0,00E+00	3,12E-02	8,17E+00	1,22E+00	-2,03E+00	0,00E+00
GWP - fossil [kg CO ₂ eq.]	8,59E+00	1,52E-01	3,78E-02	5,95E-02	0,00E+00	3,15E-02	7,06E+00	1,09E-01	-2,01E+00	0,00E+00
GWP - biogenic [kg CO ₂ eq.]	-1,28E+00	1,58E-03	6,31E-02	2,46E-03	0,00E+00	-7,06E-04	1,11E+00	1,11E+00	-1,03E-02	0,00E+00
GWP - luluc [kg CO ₂ eq.]	1,29E-02	8,38E-04	0,00E+00	2,07E-06	0,00E+00	3,26E-04	2,21E-03	2,98E-04	-2,75E-03	0,00E+00
ODP [kg CFC-11 eq.]	1,38E-06	1,01E-14	0,00E+00	1,58E-09	0,00E+00	3,74E-15	5,41E-12	3,71E-13	-1,88E-11	0,00E+00
AP [Mole of H ⁺ eq.]	3,15E-02	6,49E-04	1,52E-04	1,16E-04	0,00E+00	1,10E-04	1,67E-03	6,48E-04	-2,36E-03	0,00E+00
EP - freshwater [kg P eq.]	1,33E-03	2,21E-07	0,00E+00	2,09E-06	0,00E+00	8,55E-08	8,76E-07	6,07E-05	-1,82E-06	0,00E+00
EP - marine [kg N eq.]	9,28E-03	2,73E-04	7,85E-05	4,01E-05	0,00E+00	5,17E-05	5,49E-04	1,40E-04	-6,85E-04	0,00E+00
EP - terrestrial [Mole of N eq.]	8,13E-02	2,98E-03	8,68E-04	2,31E-04	0,00E+00	5,61E-04	7,21E-03	1,53E-03	-7,65E-03	0,00E+00
POCP [kg NMVOC eq.]	5,60E-02	5,51E-04	1,42E-04	9,13E-05	0,00E+00	9,91E-05	1,54E-03	4,44E-04	-1,86E-03	0,00E+00
ADPF [MJ]	1,78E-05	5,53E-09	0,00E+00	5,62E-09	0,00E+00	2,10E-09	5,91E-08	7,39E-09	-1,98E-07	0,00E+00
ADPE [kg Sb eq.]	2,08E+02	1,10E+00	0,00E+00	1,23E+00	0,00E+00	4,04E-01	1,13E+01	1,80E+00	-3,56E+01	0,00E+00
WDP [m ³ world equiv.]	1,21E+01	3,36E-04	0,00E+00	1,38E-01	0,00E+00	1,27E-04	6,98E-01	1,34E-02	-2,08E-01	0,00E+00

Caption: GWP - total = global warming potential; GWP - fossil = global warming potential (fossil fuel only); GWP - biogenic = global warming potential (biogenic); GWP - luluc = global warming potential (land use only); ODP = ozone depletion; AP = acidification terrestrial and freshwater; EP - freshwater = eutrophication potential (freshwater); EP - marine = eutrophication potential (marine); EP - terrestrial = eutrophication potential (terrestrial); POCP = photochemical ozone formation; ADPE = abiotic depletion potential (element), ADPF = abiotic depletion potential (fossil) WDP = water scarcity

7.14 Interpretation

The interpretation of the results has been carried out considering the assumptions and limitations declared in the EPD, both methodology- and data-related for a one year usage.

In all environmental impact categories, the production stage is the predominant contributor to the overall impact. The supply of raw materials is the primary contributor across all these impact categories, accounting for 82-100% of the total impact during the production stage.

The distribution via truck and container ship exhibits a relatively minor contribution to GWP-Luluc, AP, EP-marine, and EP-terrestrial, as the majority of the product distribution occurs within Europe.

The installation of Eternal NEXT has a negligible impact across all categories, as the product can be fully loose laid.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION



FLOORING SYSTEMS

Loose lay sheet – Eternal NEXT
Resilient Heterogeneous Vinyl Floor Covering

According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804

The use stage demonstrates a very minor impact on the total life cycle impact, primarily due to the detergent used for spot cleaning the floor.

7.15 Resource use

In table 4 the parameters describing resource use are presented for all the lifecycle stages for a one year usage.

Table 4: Results of the LCA – Resource use for Eternal NEXT (one year)

	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	C1	C2	C3/1	C4/2	D/1	D/2
PERE [MJ]	5,59E+01	7,66E-02	0,00E+00	1,83E-02	0,00E+00	2,97E-02	2,61E+00	3,00E-01	-1,15E+01	0,00E+00
PERM [MJ]	1,07E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PERT [MJ]	5,69E+01	7,66E-02	0,00E+00	1,83E-02	0,00E+00	2,97E-02	2,61E+00	3,00E-01	-1,15E+01	0,00E+00
PENRE [MJ]	2,06E+02	1,10E+00	0,00E+00	1,23E+00	0,00E+00	4,04E-01	1,13E+01	1,80E+00	-3,56E+01	0,00E+00
PENRM [MJ]	1,25E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PENRT [MJ]	2,08E+02	1,10E+00	0,00E+00	1,23E+00	0,00E+00	4,04E-01	1,13E+01	1,80E+00	-3,56E+01	0,00E+00
SM [kg]	7,73E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
RSF [MJ]	3,02E-20	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
NRSF [MJ]	3,55E-19	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
FW [m3]	3,28E-01	3,71E-05	0,00E+00	4,84E-05	0,00E+00	1,43E-05	1,75E-02	3,93E-04	-8,96E-03	0,00E+00

Caption: PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

7.16 Waste categories and output flows

In tables 5 other environmental information describing different waste categories and output flows are presented for all the lifecycle stages.

Table 5: Results of the LCA – Output flows and Waste categories for Eternal NEXT (one year)

	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	C1	C2	C3/1	C4/2	D/1	D/2
HWD [kg]	5,90E-04	3,97E-11	0,00E+00	1,83E-11	0,00E+00	1,46E-11	5,35E-09	4,03E-10	-2,23E-08	0,00E+00
NHWD [kg]	2,51E-01	1,41E-04	0,00E+00	3,55E-03	0,00E+00	5,31E-05	3,01E+00	3,59E+00	-1,76E-02	0,00E+00
RWD [kg]	2,77E-03	1,44E-06	0,00E+00	2,57E-05	0,00E+00	5,31E-07	2,92E-04	2,59E-05	-2,65E-03	0,00E+00
CRU [kg]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
MFR [kg]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,60E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
MER [kg]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
EEE [MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	9,37E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
EET [MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,70E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00

Caption: HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION



FLOORING SYSTEMS

Loose lay sheet – Eternal NEXT
Resilient Heterogeneous Vinyl Floor Covering

According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804

7.17 Biogenic Carbon content

Table 6: Information describing the biogenic carbon content at the factory gate

Biogenic carbon content	Unit (kg CO ₂ /m ²)
Biogenic carbon content in product	1.11
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging	0.06

Note: 1 kg of biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg of CO₂

8 Additional Environmental Impact Indicators

To be fully transparent Forbo Flooring does not only want to declare the environmental impacts required in the PCR, but also the additional environmental impact indicators according to the European Standard EN15804 + A2.

Table 7: Results of the LCA – Environmental impact for Eternal NEXT (one year)

	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	C1	C2	C3/1	C4/2	D/1	D/2
PM [Disease incidences]	3,99E-07	6,10E-09	8,65E-10	7,79E-10	0,00E+00	7,95E-10	3,63E-08	6,67E-09	-1,93E-08	0,00E+00
IR [kBq U235 eq.]	1,21E+00	1,99E-04	0,00E+00	2,53E-03	0,00E+00	7,36E-05	3,42E-02	3,48E-03	-4,38E-01	0,00E+00
ETF-fw [CTUe]	1,21E+03	1,39E+00	1,01E-04	2,37E-01	0,00E+00	5,24E-01	8,57E+00	4,12E+00	-3,11E+00	0,00E+00
HTP-c [CTUh]	3,37E-08	1,88E-11	4,97E-15	6,95E-12	0,00E+00	7,04E-12	2,66E-10	5,67E-11	-3,62E-10	0,00E+00
HTP-nc [CTUh]	1,11E-07	1,03E-09	1,17E-13	1,34E-10	0,00E+00	3,97E-10	2,13E-08	1,01E-09	-5,96E-09	0,00E+00
SQP [Pt]	1,97E+02	4,60E-01	0,00E+00	6,17E-03	0,00E+00	1,79E-01	2,36E+00	2,78E-01	-6,75E+00	0,00E+00

Caption: PM = Particulate matter emissions; IR = Ionizing radiation, human health; ETF-fw = Eco-toxicity (freshwater); HTP-c = Human toxicity, cancer effects; HTP-nc = Human toxicity, non-cancer effects, SQP = Soil quality potential/ Land use related impacts

8.1 Interpretation

The interpretation of the results has been carried out considering the assumptions and limitations declared in the EPD, both methodology- and data-related for a one year usage.

As with the mandatory environmental impact categories, the production phase is dominant in the contribution of the total lifespan of the additional environmental impact indicators. This is largely due to the production of the raw materials.

A much smaller impact is coming from the thermal energy used to manufacture Eternal NEXT.



8.2 Disclaimers to the declaration of core and additional environmental impact indicators

According to the "ILCD Handbook: Recommendations for Life Cycle Impact Assessment in the European context" the recommended characterization models and associated characterization factors are classified according to their quality into three levels:

- Type 1 (recommended and satisfactory),
- Type 2 (recommended but in need of some improvements)
- Type 3 (recommended, but to be applied with caution).

Table 13: Classification of disclaimers to the declaration of core and additional environmental impact indicators

ILCD classification	Indicator	Disclaimer
ILCD Type 1	Global Warming Potential (GWP)	None
	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer (ODP)	None
	Potential incidence of disease due to PM emissions (PM)	None
ILCD Type 2	Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance (AP)	None
	Eutrophication potential, Fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment (EP-freshwater)	None
	Eutrophication potential, Fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment (EP-marine)	None
	Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance (EP-terrestrial)	None
	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone (POCP)	None
	Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235 (IRP)	1
ILCD Type 2	Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources (ADP-minerals & metals)	2
	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources (ADP-fossil)	2
	Water (user)deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption (WDP)	2
	Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for ecosystems (ETP-fw)	2
	Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans HTP-c)	2
	Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans HTP-nc)	2
	Potential Soil quality index (SQP)	2
Disclaimer 1 – This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator		
Disclaimer 2 – The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.		

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION



FLOORING SYSTEMS

Loose lay sheet – Eternal NEXT
Resilient Heterogeneous Vinyl Floor Covering

According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804

9 References

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STANDARDS AND LAWS	
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ISO 14040 2006	Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Principles and framework (ISO 14040); German and English version EN ISO 14040
CEN/TR 15941	Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declarations - Methodology for selection and use of generic data; German version CEN/TR 15941
EN15804:2012+A2:2019+AC:2021	Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products
EN 16810:2017	Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings – Environmental product declarations – Product category rules
CPR	REGULATION (EU) No 305/2011 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 9 March 2011 laying down harmonized conditions for the marketing of construction products and repealing Council Directive 89/106/EEC
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