ALLURA PUZZLE

FORBO FLOORING SYSTEMS
RESILIENT HETEROGENEOUS VINYL FLOOR COVERING

Allura Puzzle Color P62523 Grigio concrete





Forbo's Allura Puzzle is a commercial range of high quality heterogeneous loose lay vinyl tiles. The specific product built up and production process assures superb dimensional stability that remains flat in all circumstances. The balance in the product construction is the main characteristic which is an absolute must for tiles to be installed really loose lay without the use of any adhesive.

Forbo was the first flooring manufacturer to publish a complete Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) report verified by CML in 2000 to create full transparency that is independently evaluated. To offer further transparency this EPD is also including additional information to show the impacts on human health and ecotoxicity.

For more information visit; www.forbo-flooring.com





Luxury Vinyl Tile – Allura Puzzle
Resilient Heterogeneous Vinyl Floor Covering

According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804

This declaration is an environmental product declaration (EPD) in accordance with ISO 14025. EPDs rely on Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) to provide information on a number of environmental impacts of products over their life cycle. <u>Exclusions</u>: EPDs do not indicate that any environmental or social performance benchmarks are met, and there may be impacts that they do not encompass. LCAs do not typically address



the site-specific environmental impacts of raw material extraction, nor are they meant to assess human health toxicity. EPDs can complement but cannot replace tools and certifications that are designed to address these impacts and/or set performance thresholds – e.g. Type 1 certifications, health assessments and declarations, environmental impact assessments, etc. Accuracy of Results: EPDs regularly rely on estimations of impacts, and the level of accuracy in estimation of effect differs for any particular product line and reported impact. Comparability: EPDs are not comparative assertions and are either not comparable or have limited comparability when they cover different life cycle stages, are based on different product category rules or are missing relevant environmental impacts. EPDs from different programs may not be comparable.

PROGRAM OPERATOR UL Solutions 333 Pfingsten Road Northbrook, IL 60611 Forbo Flooring B.V. Industrieweg 12 P.O. Box 13 NL-1560 AA Krommenie DECLARATION NUMBER 4791748685.103.1 DECLARED PRODUCT Allura Puzzle EN 15804+A2: Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products EN 16810:2017 Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings – Environmental product declarations — Product category rules DATE OF ISSUE December 15c@ 2025 PERIOD OF VALIDITY 5 Years Product definition and information about building physics Information about basic material and the material's origin Description of the product's manufacture Indication of product processing Information about the in-use conditions Life cycle assessment results Testing results and verifications The PCR review was conducted by: European Standards CEN/TC 134 https://www.en-standard.eu/							
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Luxury Vinyl Tile – Allura Puzzle Resilient Heterogeneous Vinyl Floor Covering

According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804

This declaration was independently ve 14025 by Underwriters Laboratories INTERNAL	rified in accordance with ISO ☑ EXTERNAL	Cooper McCollum, UL Solutions			
This life cycle assessment was indeperated accordance with ISO 14044 and the re	Thomas P. Gloria, Industrial Ecology Consultants				

This EPD conforms with EN 15804



Luxury Vinyl Tile – Allura Puzzle Resilient Heterogeneous Vinyl Floor Covering

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1 Product Definition

1.1 Description of Company/Organization

Product optimalization makes our loose lay products better balanced than ever before by an upgraded product construction with extra attention for instant performance after installation.

Allura Puzzle is equipped with a double glass fleece as an extra balance layer to remain flat overtime which is essential for a true loose lay product. Allura Puzzle is easy to cut and handle, also in complex installations. Like all Allura Puzzle products it is protected by a proven PUR finish

Producing Allura Puzzle has always been done in a way to achieve the lowest carbon footprint; the starting point for innovation and development. The Forbo organization has key environmental focus areas to displaying a carbonnegative product portfolio, using renewable electricity, becoming a zero-waste company and actively contributing to the circular economy.

For its complete manufacturing of Allura Puzzle, Forbo holds all the main certifications. For environmental performance **ISO 14001**, for quality **ISO 9001** and **SA8000** for social accountability.

1.2 Product Classification and description

This declaration covers the Allura Puzzle Luxury Vinyl Tiles collection, Forbo Allura Puzzle loose lay tiles bring a new design concept to loose lay installation. The superb dimensional stability and buildup of this floor covering and the specific production process means that the tiles and planks remain flat no matter what. An absolute necessity for an adhesive free floor covering.

Allura Puzzle LVT has an unique dovetail shape that assures a strong tight fitted and closed connection that is required for an adhesive free installation. The superb dimensional stability and the strong puzzle connection makes the tiles ideal for adhesive free installation in high traffic areas, with the advantage that they are also easy to remove, re-use and recycle.

As part of Forbo's Fast Fit collection, Allura Puzzle can reduce installation time by over 50%.

The designs in woods and materials form a well-balanced palette that suit a wide range of applications. Ideal for installations in areas such as offices or retail applications where requirements include rapid installation, temporary floors or to be taken out quickly without damaging the subfloor.

Allura Puzzle from Forbo Flooring is a resilient floor covering complying with all the requirements of EN ISO 10582: Resilient floor coverings – Heterogeneous poly(vinyl chloride) floor covering- Specification. The key raw materials include PVC, plasticizer, mineral filler, stabilizers and glass fiber.



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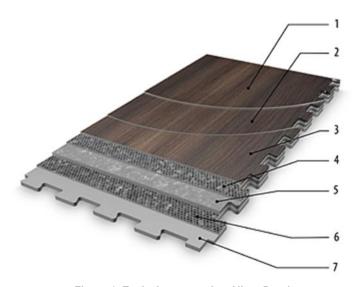


Figure 1: Typical construction Allura Puzzle

Allura Puzzle is produced by Forbo Flooring and is sold worldwide. This declaration refers to Allura Puzzle Luxury Vinyl Tiles of 5 mm nominal thickness with a 0.7 mm wear layer covering a range of wood and materials designs. Allura Puzzle is built up in 7 layers:

- 1. Embossed lacquer, easy to clean and maintain, scratch and stain resistant topcoat
- 2. A durable wear layer of 0,70 mm suitable for high traffic areas
- 3. Multiple layers of ink creating in-depth true to nature patterns
- 4. The thick glass fleece carrier is the basis for dimensional stable planks and tiles
- 5. The calandered intermediate layer consists out of 47% recycled content and is contributing to the stability and balance of the loose lay properties
- 6. Second glass fleece carrier for extra balance and stability
- 7. Anti-slip structured compact backing.

This declaration refers to the declared/functional unit of 1 m² installed flooring product..



Luxury Vinyl Tile – Allura Puzzle Resilient Heterogeneous Vinyl Floor Covering

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1.3 Range of application

Allura Ease & Puzzle is classified in accordance with EN ISO 10582 to be installed in the following use areas defined in EN-ISO 10874:

Area of application	
	Class 34
Commercial	
	Class 43
Industrial	







Examples of use areas



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According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804

1.4 Product Standard

The products considered in this EPD have the following technical specifications:

 Meets or exceeds all technical requirements in EN ISO 10582 : Resilient floor coverings – Heterogeneous poly(vinyl chloride) floor covering- Specification

Allura Puzzle n	neets the requirements	of EN 14041 and BS EN 14041
EN 13501-1	Reaction to fire	B _{FL-S1} CS
EN 13893	Slip resistance	20,30
EN 1815	Body voltage	57 Å ≤2.0 kV
EN ISO10456	Thermal conductivity	0,25 W/mK

Emission testing:

- AgBB requirements following EN ISO 16000-9 Indoor Air Emissions: TVOC at 28 days
- French act Grenelle: A+
- o Compliant with CHPS 01350 requirements for VOC emissions and indoor air quality.





1.5 Accreditation

All Forbo Flooring Systems' manufacturing operations have certified Management System in accordance with:

- o ISO 9001 Quality Management System
- o ISO 14001 Environmental Management System
- SA 8000 Social Accountability standard



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1.6 Delivery Status

Table 1: Specification of delivered product

Characteristics	Nominal Value	Unit
Product thickness	5.00	mm
Product Weight	7.90	kg/m²
Tiles Width x Length	96 x 96	cm

2 Material Content

2.1 Material Content of the Product

Table 2: Average composition of Allura Puzzle

			Availabilit	Amount	Origin	
Component	Material	Renewable Recycled		Non- Renewable		
Dindon	PVC			X	26.5	Europe
Binder	DOTP & Dibenzoates	X		Х	12	Europe
	Calcium carbonate		х		16	Europe
Filler	Dolomite			Abundant mineral	10	Europe
	Reused & recycled vinyl		Х		31	Internal/External
Pigments	Titanium Dioxide plus others	X		X	0.5	Europe
Stabilizers and	Proprietary mixtures			Х	2	Europe
process additives	& lubricants				_	_=opo
Backing	Glass fleece			X	1.5	
Finish	PU lacquer			X	0.5	Europe

2.2 Production of Main Materials

PVC: Polymer which is produced by the polymerization of vinyl chloride monomer.

DOTP: A non-phthalate plasticizer, being the diester of terephthalic acid and the branched-chain 2-ethylhexanol. This colorless viscous liquid used for softening PVC plastics is known for chemical similarity to general purpose phthalates such as DEHP and DINP, but without any negative regulatory pressure.

Stabilizer Ba/Zn: Mixed metal stabilizer made from Barium and Zinc stearate. It is used to avoid PVC degradation during processing at relative high temperature.

Calcium carbonate: The calcium carbonate used comes from a pre-consumer recycling process.



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Dolomite: An abundant mineral mined in northern Norway.

Reused and recycled Vinyl: Scrap material coming from the vinyl production, which is reused and post-consumer recycled vinyl scrap, grinded and processed as raw material into new flooring

Glass fleece: Glass fibers are mixed with a binder to produce a glass fleece which is used as a substrate for floor coverings and imparts excellent dimensional stability to the finished product.

Titanium dioxide: A white pigment produced from the mineral rutile, a naturally occurring form of titanium dioxide. The production of the pigment is a large-scale chemical process.

Lacquer: Thermally cross-linked polyurethane coating

3 Production of the Floor Covering

3.1 Manufacturing

The production of Allura Puzzle includes the following processes:

- Preparation of PVC plastisols (mixture of PVC, plasticizer and additives, may also contain filler and pigments)
- Impregnation of the glass fleece with a highly filled plastisol followed by the application of a thin white plastisol coating.
- Rotogravure and digital printing techniques, using water based inks, to produce wood, stone or abstract designs.
- Application of plastisol PVC topcoat and PU lacquer. After fusion the topcoat is mechanically embossed to enhance the decorative effect.
- An intermediate backing layer is applied to the underside of the impregnated glass fleece. This plasticized PVC layer, which is applied by a calender, contains reused production waste.
- The final backing layer is then applied to the calendered layer.
- The finished product is then trimmed, inspected and cut into planks or tiles of a specified size.
- Trimming and rejected product are recycled back into the calendered backing layer.

3.2 Production Waste

Rejected material and the cuttings of the trimming stage are being reused in the manufacturing process of heterogeneous vinyl. Packaging materials are being collected separately and externally recycled.

4 Delivery and Installation of the Floor Covering

4.1 Delivery

A worldwide distribution by truck and container ship is considered. On average every square meter of Allura Puzzle is transported as follows:

0	Transport distance 40 t truck	305 km
0	Transport distance 14 t truck (Fine distribution)	274 km
0	Capacity utilization trucks (including empty runs)	100 %
0	Transport distance Ocean ship	583 km
0	Capacity utilization Ocean ship	100%



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4.2 Installation

Because of the specific techniques used during the installation of Allura Puzzle approximately 2% of the material is cut off as installation waste. Allura Puzzle is specially designed for adhesive free installation, with the advantage that they are also easy to remove, re-use and recycle.

Wooden pallets and shrink foil can be collected separately and should be reused or used in a local recycling process. In the calculation model 100% incineration is taken into account for which there is a credit received.

Waste during the installation process may be recycled as floor covering through the manufacturers' facility. Forbo Flooring has a Back to The Floor program in which both post-installation and end of life flooring can be recycled.



5 Use stage

The service lifetime of a floor covering for a certain application on a floor is too widespread to give one common number. For this EPD model the reference service lifetime (RSL) is set to one year. This means that all impacts for the use phase are based on the cleaning and maintenance model for one year. Depending on the area of use, the technical lifetime advised by the manufacturer and the estimated time on the floor by the customer, the service lifetime can be determined. The use phase impacts should be calculated with the foreseen service life to arrive at the total environmental impact.

5.1 Cleaning and Maintenance

Level of use	Cleaning Process	Cleaning Frequency	Consumption of energy and resources
Commercial/Residential/Industrial	Dust mopping	Daily	-
	Damp mopping	Once a week	Hot water Neutral detergent

For the calculations the following cleaning regime is considered:

- Dry cleaning with a dust mop
- Once a week wet cleaning with 0.062 l/m² water and 0.0008 kg/m² detergent. This result in the use of 3.224 l/m²*year water and 0.04 kg/m²*year detergent. The wet cleaning takes place without power machine usage. Waste water treatment of the arising waste water from cleaning is considered.

The cleaning regime that is recommended in practice will be highly dependent on the use of the premises where the floor covering is installed. In high traffic areas more frequent cleaning will be needed compared to areas where there is low traffic. The use of an entrance mat of at least four steps will reduce the cleaning frequency.



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5.2 Prevention of Structural Damage

All newly laid floor covering should be covered and protected with a suitable non-staining protective covering if other building activities are still in progress. Use protective feet on chairs and tables to reduce scratching. Castor wheels should be suitable for resilient floor coverings.

6 End of Life

Allura Puzzle can be easily dismantled and reused after usage. For recycling purposes both the subfloor and the floor covering need to remain as intact as possible at the end of Life stage and contamination of the material needs to be avoided. Therefore the deconstruction of installed Allura Puzzle is a perfect solution as it can be done manually with no degradation of the subfloor.

For the end of life stage two scenarios have been calculated assuming that the flooring is either 100% incinerated or 100% landfilled. Given the loose-lay properties, re-use and end of life recycling are realistic alternatives in the future.

7 Life Cycle Assessment

A full Life Cycle Assessment has been carried out according to ISO 14040 and ISO 14044.

The following Life Cycle Stages are assessed:

A1-3: Product Stage (Raw material acquisition, transportation to Manufacturing and Manufacturing)

A4-5: Construction process stage (Transport Gate to User, installation flooring)

B2: Use Stage (Maintenance of the floor). For floor coverings the modules B1, B3 to B7 are not relevant to the environmental performance of a product.

C1-4: End of Life Stage (Deconstruction, transport, waste processing, Disposal). Two different End of Life scenarios are declared and the results are indicated separately in module C. Each scenario is calculated as a 100% scenario:

Scenario 1: 100% Municipal Waste Incineration (MWI) with R₁ > 60%

Scenario 2: 100% landfill disposal

D: Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary (Reuse, recovery, recycling potential)

End of life scenario 1: 100% Municipal Waste Incineration (MWI) with R₁ > 60%

- C3-1 (Waste processing): Impact from waste incineration, generated electricity and steam are listed in the result table as exported energy
- C4-1 (Disposal): The product waste leaves the system in module C3-1 and causes no additional impact
- D-1 (Recycling potential): Benefits for generated energy due to incineration of product waste at the end-of-life

End of life scenario 2: 100% landfill disposal

- C3-2 (Waste processing): Landfill disposal needs no waste processing and causes no additional impact
- C4-2(Disposal): Impact from landfill disposal
- D-2 (Recycling potential): Benefits for generated energy due to landfill disposal of product waste at the end of life

Modules C3-2 and C4-1 cause no additional impact and are therefore not displayed in the result tables.



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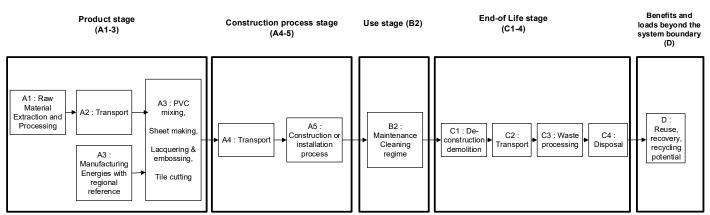


Figure 3: Flow chart of the Life Cycle Assessment

Comparisons of different floor coverings are only allowed, where EN 15804 consistent and/or preverified background data and EN 15804 consistent calculation methods and database versions are used and when the building context is taken into account, i.e. on the basis of the same use-classification (EN ISO 10874), same service life and comparable assumptions for the end of life.

7.1 Description of the Declared Functional Unit

The functional unit is one square meter of installed product and the use stage is considered for one year of service life.

7.2 Cut off Criteria

The cut-off criteria shall be 1% of renewable and non-renewable primary energy usage and 1% of the total mass of the unit process. The total neglected input flows per module shall be a maximum of 5% of energy usage and mass.

In practice, in this assessment, all data from the production data acquisition are considered, i.e. all raw materials used as per formulation, use of water, electricity and other fuels, the required packaging materials, and all direct production waste. Transport data on all considered inputs and output material are also considered.

7.3 Allocations

In the present study some allocations have been made. Detailed explanations can be found in the chapters below.

7.4 Co-product allocation

No co-product allocation occurs in the product system.

7.5 Allocation of multi-input processes

The Production and End of Life stage include incineration plants. In these processes different products are treated together within a process. The allocation procedures followed in these cases are based on a physical classification of



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the mass flows or calorific values.

Credits from energy substitution are allocated to the production stage, because the gained energy from energy substitution is lower than the energy input in this stage. The same quality of energy is considered.

7.6 Allocation procedure of reuse, recycling and recovery

The installation waste and end of life waste is fed into incineration processes. Incineration processes include cogeneration processes which give thermal and power energy as outputs. It is assumed that this recovered energy offsets that produced by the European average grid mix and thermal energy generation from natural gas. The gained energy is declared in module D as avoided environmental burden. Generated electricity and steam due to the incineration of installation and end of life waste are listed in the result table as exported energy.

7.7 Description of the allocation processes in the LCA report

The description of allocation rules in this LCA report meets the requirements of the PCR.

7.8 LCA Data

As a general rule, specific data derived from specific production processes or average data derived from specific production processes have been used as the first choice as a basis for calculating an EPD.

For life cycle modeling of the considered products, the GaBi 10 Software System for Life Cycle Engineering, developed by Sphera has been used. All relevant LCA datasets are taken from the GaBi 10 software database. The datasets from the database GaBi are documented in the online documentation. To ensure comparability of results in the LCA, the basic data of GaBi database were used for energy, transportation and auxiliary materials.

7.9 Data Quality

The requirements for data quality and LCA data correspond to the specifications of the PCR.

Foreground data are based on 1 year averaged data (year 2024). The reference ages of LCA datasets vary but are given in the table in the Appendix. The time period over which inputs to and outputs from the system is accounted for is 100 years from the year for which the data set is deemed representative. The technological LCA of the collected data reflects the physical reality of the declared product. The datasets are complete, conform to the system boundaries and the criteria for the exclusion of inputs and outputs and are geographical representative for the supply chain of Forbo flooring.

For life cycle modeling of the considered products the GaBi 10 Software System for Life Cycle Engineering, developed by Sphera, is used. All relevant LCA datasets are taken from the GaBi 10 software database. The last revision of the used data sets took place within the last 10 years.



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7.10 System Boundaries

<u>Production Stage</u> includes provision of all materials, products and energy, packaging processing and its transport, as well as waste processing up to the end-of waste state or disposal of final residues during the product stage.

<u>Transport and Installation Stage</u> includes provision of all materials, products and energy, as well as waste processing up to the end-of-waste state or disposal of final residues during the construction stage. These information modules also include all impacts and aspects related to any losses during this construction stage (i.e. production, transport, and waste processing and disposal of the lost products and materials). For the transportation a worldwide distribution is considered.

<u>Use Stage</u> includes provision and transport of all materials, products and related energy and water use, as well as waste processing up to the end-of-waste state or disposal of final residues during this part of the use stage. These information modules also include all impacts and aspects related to the losses during this part of the use stage (i.e. production, transport, and waste processing and disposal of the lost products and materials).

<u>End of Life Stage</u> includes provision and all transports, provision of all materials, products and related energy and water use. It also includes any declared benefits and loads from net flows leaving the product system that have not been allocated as co-products and that have passed the end-of-waste state in the form of reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials.

7.11 Power mix

The selection of LCA data for the electricity generation is in line with the PCR.

The products are manufactured in Coevorden, the Netherlands. The GaBi 10 Windpower dataset has therefore been used (reference year 2025). The energy supplier is providing Forbo with a certificate every year.

7.12 CO₂-Certificates

No CO₂-certificates are considered in this study as the Allura Puzzle manufacturing is realized without offsetting.



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7.13 Life Cycle Inventory Analysis

In table 3 the results are presented in accordance with the EN 15804+A2 standard, which mandates the compensation of biogenic carbon uptake in stages A1-A3 at the end-of-life stage. This is referred to as the "-1 in/+1 out" approach. According to EN 15804+A2, this approach requires reporting biogenic carbon flows by accounting for carbon uptake (negative emission) during the product stage and carbon release (positive emission) during the end-of-life stage. In the installation phase (A5), the biogenic carbon absorbed by the packaging is released. Additionally, the biogenic carbon absorbed by the raw materials is released during phases C3/1 or C4/2.

The environmental impacts are presented for all the lifecycle stages with two End of Life scenarios:

- Scenario 1: 100% Municipal Waste Incineration (MWI) with R1 > 60%
- Scenario 2: 100% landfill disposal.

Table 3: Results of the LCA – Environmental impact for Allura Puzzle (one year)

Parameter	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	C1	C2	C3/1	C4/2	D/1	D/2
GWP - total [kg CO2 eq.]	1,60E+01	2,70E-01	3,46E-01	6,20E-02	0,00E+00	6,86E-02	8,90E+00	1,12E+00	-1,12E+00	0,00E+00
GWP - fossil [kg CO2 eq.]	1,84E+01	2,66E-01	8,32E-02	5,95E-02	0,00E+00	6,94E-02	7,91E+00	1,22E-01	-2,26E+00	0,00E+00
GWP - biogenic [kg CO2 eq.]	-2,36E+00	2,43E-03	2,62E-01	2,46E-03	0,00E+00	-1,55E-03	9,95E-01	9,94E-01	-1,16E-02	0,00E+00
GWP - luluc [kg CO2 eq.]	2,28E-02	1,27E-03	0,00E+00	2,07E-06	0,00E+00	7,18E-04	2,48E-03	3,35E-04	-3,09E-03	0,00E+00
ODP [kg CFC-11 eq.]	1,91E-06	1,87E-14	0,00E+00	1,58E-09	0,00E+00	8,22E-15	6,07E-12	4,17E-13	-2,11E-11	0,00E+00
AP [Mole of H+ eq.]	5,23E-02	2,19E-03	3,34E-04	1,16E-04	0,00E+00	2,41E-04	1,88E-03	7,29E-04	-2,66E-03	0,00E+00
EP - freshwater [kg P eq.]	1,99E-03	3,45E-07	0,00E+00	2,09E-06	0,00E+00	1,88E-07	9,84E-07	6,83E-05	-2,05E-06	0,00E+00
EP - marine [kg N eq.]	1,72E-02	7,07E-04	1,73E-04	4,01E-05	0,00E+00	1,14E-04	6,17E-04	1,58E-04	-7,70E-04	0,00E+00
EP - terrestrial [Mole of N eq.]	1,48E-01	7,73E-03	1,91E-03	2,31E-04	0,00E+00	1,23E-03	8,11E-03	1,72E-03	-8,57E-03	0,00E+00
POCP [kg NMVOC eq.]	9,52E-02	1,65E-03	3,13E-04	9,13E-05	0,00E+00	2,18E-04	1,73E-03	4,98E-04	-2,09E-03	0,00E+00
ADPF [MJ]	2,92E-05	9,29E-09	0,00E+00	5,62E-09	0,00E+00	4,62E-09	6,63E-08	8,31E-09	-2,22E-07	0,00E+00
ADPE [kg Sb eq.]	4,08E+02	2,09E+00	0,00E+00	1,23E+00	0,00E+00	8,88E-01	1,26E+01	2,02E+00	-3,99E+01	0,00E+00
WDP [m³ world equiv.]	1,86E+01	5,76E-04	0,00E+00	1,38E-01	0,00E+00	2,79E-04	7,85E-01	1,50E-02	-2,33E-01	0,00E+00

Caption: GWP - total = global warming potential; GWP - fossil = global warming potential (fossil fuel only); GWP - biogenic = global warming potential (biogenic); GWP - luluc = global warming potential (land use only); ODP = ozone depletion; AP = acidification terrestrial and freshwater; EP - freshwater = eutrophication potential (freshwater); EP - marine = eutrophication potential (marine); EP- terrestrial = eutrophication potential (terrestrial); POCP = photochemical ozone formation; ADPE = abiotic depletion potential (fossil) WDP = water scarcity

7.14 Interpretation

The interpretation of the results has been carried out considering the assumptions and limitations declared in the EPD, both methodology- and data-related for a <u>one year usage</u>.

In all environmental impact categories, the production stage is the predominant contributor to the overall impact. The supply of raw materials is the primary contributor across all these impact categories, accounting for 62-100% of the total impact during the production stage.

The distribution via truck and container ship exhibits a relatively minor contribution to GWP-Luluc, AP, EP-marine, and EP-terrestrial, as the majority of the product distribution occurs within Europe.

The installation of Allura Puzzle has a negligible impact across all categories, as the product can be fully loose laid.



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The use stage demonstrates a very minor impact on the total life cycle impact, primarily due to the detergent used for spot cleaning the floor.

7.15 Resource use

In table 4 the parameters describing resource use are presented for all the lifecycle stages for a one year usage with two End of Life scenarios:

- Scenario 1: 100% Municipal Waste Incineration (MWI) with R1 > 60%
- Scenario 2: 100% landfill disposal

Table 4: Results of the LCA – Resource use for Allura Puzzle (one year)

	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	C1	C2	C3/1	C4/2	D/1	D/2
PERE [MJ]	1,75E+02	1,18E-01	0,00E+00	1,83E-02	0,00E+00	6,54E-02	5,74E+00	3,37E-01	-2,53E+01	0,00E+00
PERM [MJ]	9,90E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00							
PERT [MJ]	1,75E+02	1,18E-01	0,00E+00	1,83E-02	0,00E+00	6,54E-02	5,74E+00	3,37E-01	-2,53E+01	0,00E+00
PENRE [MJ]	3,89E+02	2,09E+00	0,00E+00	1,23E+00	0,00E+00	8,88E-01	2,48E+01	2,02E+00	-7,83E+01	0,00E+00
PENRM [MJ]	1,91E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00							
PENRT [MJ]	4,08E+02	2,09E+00	0,00E+00	1,23E+00	0,00E+00	8,88E-01	2,48E+01	2,02E+00	-7,83E+01	0,00E+00
SM [kg]	4,48E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00							
RSF [MJ]	4,91E-20	0,00E+00	0,00E+00							
NRSF [MJ]	5,76E-19	0,00E+00	0,00E+00							
FW [m3]	5,14E-01	5,89E-05	0,00E+00	4,84E-05	0,00E+00	3,15E-05	3,86E-02	4,41E-04	-1,97E-02	0,00E+00

Caption: PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; N



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7.16 Waste categories and output flows

In table 5 other environmental information describing different waste categories and output flows are presented for all the lifecycle stages with two End of Life scenarios:

- Scenario 1: 100% Municipal Waste Incineration (MWI) with R1 > 60%
- Scenario 2: 100% landfill disposal

Table 5: Results of the LCA - Output flows and Waste categories for Allura Puzzle (one year)

	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	C1	C2	C3/1	C4/2	D/1	D/2
HWD [kg]	9,33E-04	7,47E-11	0,00E+00	1,83E-11	0,00E+00	3,22E-11	1,18E-08	4,52E-10	-4,90E-08	0,00E+00
NHWD [kg]	9,52E-01	2,48E-04	0,00E+00	3,55E-03	0,00E+00	1,17E-04	6,62E+00	4,02E+00	-3,88E-02	0,00E+00
RWD [kg]	5,89E-03	2,68E-06	0,00E+00	2,57E-05	0,00E+00	1,17E-06	6,43E-04	2,91E-05	-5,84E-03	0,00E+00
CRU [kg]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00								
MFR [kg]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	7,92E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
MER [kg]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00								
EEE [MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,06E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
EET [MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,74E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00

Caption: HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy

7.17 Biogenic Carbon content

Table 6: Information describing the biogenic carbon content at the factory gate

Biogenic carbon content	Unit (kg CO ₂ /m ²)					
Biogenic carbon content in product	1.95					
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging	0.26					
Note: 1 kg of biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg of CO ₂						



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8 Additional Environmental Impact Indicators

To be fully transparant Forbo Flooring does not only want to declare the environmental impacts required in the PCR, but also the additional environmental impact indicators according to the European Standard EN15804+A2 with two End of Life scenarios:

- Scenario 1: 100% Municipal Waste Incineration (MWI) with R1 > 60%
- Scenario 2: 100% landfill disposal

Table 7: Results of the LCA - Environmental impact for Allura Puzzle (one year)

	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	C1	C2	C3/1	C4/2	D/1	D/2
PM [Disease incidences]	6,05E-07	2,99E-08	1,91E-09	7,79E-10	0,00E+00	1,75E-09	7,99E-08	7,50E-09	-4,24E-08	0,00E+00
IR [kBq U235 eq.]	1,96E+00	3,70E-04	0,00E+00	2,53E-03	0,00E+00	1,62E-04	7,52E-02	3,91E-03	-9,64E-01	0,00E+00
ETF-fw [CTUe]	2,01E+03	2,42E+00	2,22E-04	2,37E-01	0,00E+00	1,15E+00	1,89E+01	4,63E+00	-6,86E+00	0,00E+00
HTP-c [CTUh]	5,63E-08	3,32E-11	1,09E-14	6,95E-12	0,00E+00	1,55E-11	5,86E-10	6,38E-11	-7,98E-10	0,00E+00
HTP-nc [CTUh]	1,83E-07	1,64E-09	2,59E-13	1,34E-10	0,00E+00	8,74E-10	4,69E-08	1,13E-09	-1,31E-08	0,00E+00
SQP [Pt]	3,21E+02	7,00E-01	0,00E+00	6,17E-03	0,00E+00	3,94E-01	5,20E+00	3,12E-01	-1,48E+01	0,00E+00

Caption: PM = Particulate matter emissions; IR = Ionizing radiation, human health; ETF-fw = Eco-toxicity (freshwater); HTP-c = Human toxicity, cancer effects; HTP-nc = Human toxicity, non-cancer effects, SQP = Soil quality potential/ Land use related impacts

8.1 Interpretation

The interpretation of the results has been carried out considering the assumptions and limitations declared in the EPD, both methodology- and data-related for a <u>one year usage</u>.

As with the mandatory environmental impact categories, the production phase is dominant in the contribution of the total lifespan of the additional environmental impact indicators. This is largely due to the production of the raw materials.

A much smaller impact is coming from the thermal energy used to manufacture Allura Puzzle.



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8.2 Disclaimers to the declaration of core and additional environmental impact indicators

According to the "ILCD Handbook: Recommendations for Life Cycle Impact Assessment in the European context" the recommended characterization models and associated characterization factors are classified according to their quality into three levels:

- o Type 1 (recommended and satisfactory),
- Type 2 (recommended but in need of some improvements)
- Type 3 (recommended, but to be applied with caution).

Table 13: Classification of disclaimers to the declaration of core and additional environmental impact indicators

ILCD classification	Indicator	Disclaimer	
ILCD Type 1	Global Warming Potential (GWP)	None	
	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer (ODP)	None	
	Potential incidence of disease due to PM emissions (PM)	None	
ILCD Type 2	Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance (AP)	None	
	Eutrophication potential, Fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end	None	
	compartment (EP-freshwater)		
	Eutrophication potential, Fraction of nutrients reaching marine end	None	
	compartment (EP-marine)		
	Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance (EP-terrestrial)	None	
	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone (POCP)	None	
	Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235 (IRP)	1	
ILCD Type 2	Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources (ADP-minerals &	2	
	metals)		
	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources (ADP-fossil)	2	
	Water (user)deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water	2	
	consumption (WDP)		
	Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for ecosystems (ETP-fw)	2	
	Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans HTP-c)	2	
	Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans HTP-nc)	2	
	Potential Soil quality index (SQP)	2	

Disclaimer 1 – This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator

Disclaimer 2 – The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.



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9 References

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STANDARDS AND LAWS	
DIN EN ISO 14044	Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Requirements and guidelines (ISO 14044:2006); German and English version EN ISO 14044
ISO 14025 2006	DIN EN ISO 14025: Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures
ISO 14040 2006	Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Principles and framework (ISO 14040); German and English version EN ISO 14040
CEN/TR 15941	Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declarations - Methodology for selection and use of generic data; German version CEN/TR 15941
EN15804:2012+A2:2019+AC:2021	Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products
EN 16810:2017	Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings – Environmental product declarations – Product category rules
CPR	REGULATION (EU) No 305/2011 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 9 March 2011 laying down harmonized conditions for the marketing of construction products and repealing Council Directive 89/106/EEC
EN-ISO 10874 EN-ISO 10582	Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings – Classification Resilient floor coverings – Heterogeneous poly(vinyl chloride) floor covering- Specification