

siegling transilon

bandes de transport et de process

Résistance chimique des différents revêtements Siegling Transilon

Ces données sont basées sur des recherches en laboratoire et des expériences pratiques. Elles ne sont valables que dans des conditions normales d'utilisation (température + 20°C et 65 % d'humidité relative).

En cas de grosses variations de température, la résistance des revêtements peut s'altérer, par exemple sous l'influence des conditions hygrométriques. Si le cas se présente, veuillez nous consulter.

Nous vous recommandons d'examiner nos indications en fonction des conditions respectives d'utilisation et des agents externes exerçant une influence sur la bande. Nous pouvons vous faire parvenir des échantillons sur demande.

Données relatives à la résistance des types Novo et avec revêtement polyamide ainsi que des types sans revêtement sur demande.

Nous avons facilité la consultation des listes par l'emploi des dénominations et appellations usuelles ou les plus connues. Elles sont regroupées dans les 4 catégories suivantes:

- produits chimiques
- produits chimiques techniques
- produits pharmaceutiques et cosmétiques
- produits alimentaires

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Symboles caractérisant la matière

Symboles		Revêtement Siegling Transilon
V	=	PVC
V-FDA	=	PVC convient pour aliments
VH	=	PVC dur
U	=	Uréthane
U0	=	Imperméabilisé avec uréthane
UH, U2H	=	Uréthane dur
A	=	Polyoléfine
G	=	Elastomère
S	=	Silicone
E	=	Polyester

Symboles figurant dans les tableaux

●	=	Résistant
○	=	Résistant sous certaines réserves. Risques de légères modifications de poids et de dimensions, éventuel durcissement du revêtement et craquelures, après un certain temps d'utilisation
-	=	Non résistant

Produits chimiques

V	V-FDA	VH	U0 UH	U	U2H	A	G ¹	G ²	S	E	
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Acétate d'ammonium
—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	●	—	○	Acétate butylique
—	—	—	—	—	—	●	—	●	—	○	Acétate éthylique
—	—	—	—	—	—	●	—	●	●	○	Acétone
●	●	○	○	○	●	●	○	●	●	●	Acide acétique 10%
○	○	○	—	—	—	○	—	●	●	○	Acide acétique (vinaigre)
○	○	○	○	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	Acide azotique
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Acide benzoïque
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Acide borique
●	●	●	—	—	—	●	●	●	●	●	Acide citrique
●	●	○	○	○	●	○	—	●	—	○	Acide chlorhydrique concentré
●	●	○	○	○	●	●	○	●	●	●	Acide chlorhydrique 10%
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Acide chlorosulfonique
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Acide chromique
●	●	●	—	—	○	●	—	●	●	○	Acide formique dilué
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	—	Acide fluorhydrique 40%
○	●	—	○	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Acide lactique
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	○	—	—	●	Acide oléique
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	Acide oxalique
●	●	●	—	—	●	●	—	○	●	○	Acide phosphorique 85%
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	●	Acide phosphorique 50%
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	Acide phosphorique 10%
○	○	○	○	○	○	●	—	●	○	○	Acide sulfhydrique
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Acide stéarique
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Acide succinique
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Acide sulfurique 96%
○	○	—	—	—	—	○	—	○	—	○	Acide sulfurique 50%
○	○	○	○	—	○	○	—	●	○	●	Acide sulfurique 25%
○	○	○	○	—	○	●	○	●	●	●	Acide sulfurique 10%
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Acide tartrique
—	—	—	—	●	●	○	●	●	○	●	Alcool amylique
○	○	○	—	●	●	●	○	●	○	●	Alcool éthylique, non dénaturé 100%
○	○	○	—	●	●	●	○	●	○	●	Alcool éthylique, non dénaturé 196%
○	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	Alcool éthylique, non dénaturé 150%
○	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	Alcool éthylique, non dénaturé 110%
○	○	○	—	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	Alcool isopropylique
○	●	○	—	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	Alcool méthylique (méthanol)
○	●	●	—	○	●	●	●	○	●	●	Alcool méthylique aqueux 50%
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Alun
●	●	●	○	○	●	●	○	●	●	○	Ammoniac aqueux
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	○	●	Ammoniac gazeux
—	—	—	○	○	—	●	—	●	●	—	Anhydride acétique
○	●	—	○	○	—	○	—	●	○	○	Anhydride sulfureux
○	○	—	—	○	—	○	—	●	○	—	Aniline
—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	●	—	—	Benzaldéhyde
—	—	—	—	○	○	○	—	—	—	○	Benzol
—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	Benzol éthylique
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Bicarbonate de sodium (natron)
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Bisulfite de sodium
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Brome
●	●	—	●	●	●	○	●	—	●	●	Butane, gazeux
●	●	—	●	●	●	○	●	—	●	●	Butane, liquide
○	○	○	—	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	n-butanol

¹) NBR = Nitrile butadiène caoutchouc
²) EPDM = Ethylène propylènetèter-polymère



V	V-FDA	VH	U0 UH	U	U2H	A	G ¹	G ²	S	E	
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Carbonate d'ammonium
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Carbonate de sodium (soude)
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Carbonate de potassium (potasse)
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	●	Chlorate de potassium
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	Chlorate de sodium
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	—	Chlore gazeux humide
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	—	Chlore gazeux sec
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Chlore liquide
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Chlorure de potassium
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Chlorite de sodium
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Chloroforme
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Chlorure d'ammonium
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Chlorure de benzol
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Chlorure de calcium
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Chlorure d'éthylène
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Chlorure éthylique
●	●	○	○	○	●	●	—	●	○	○	Chlorure hydrogène gazeux (faible concentration)
○	○	—	—	○	○	○	—	●	○	—	Chlorure hydrogène gazeux (forte concentration)
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Chlorure de méthylène
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Chlorure de potassium
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Chlorure de sodium (sel commun)
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Chlorure d'étain II
○	○	○	○	○	○	○	—	—	○	—	Crésol
○	○	○	—	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	Crésol aqueux
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Chrome trioxyde
—	—	—	—	—	—	○	●	—	—	●	Cyclohexane
—	—	—	—	—	—	○	●	—	—	—	Cyclohexanol
—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	—	—	—	Cyclohexanon
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	●	—	—	—	Décahydronaphtaline
—	—	—	○	○	—	○	—	●	●	●	Dibutyl phtalate
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	Dichromate de potassium
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	●	○	—	Diméthyle formamide
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	1,4 Dioxane
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Eau
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Eau boriquée
○	○	—	—	—	○	○	—	○	●	—	Eau de brome
●	●	○	—	—	○	●	—	○	○	—	Eau chlorée
○	●	●	●	●	●	○	○	—	○	●	Essence (voir aussi carburant)
—	—	—	—	—	—	●	—	●	—	○	Ester éthylique d'acide acétique
—	—	—	—	—	—	●	—	●	—	○	Ester butylique d'acide acétique
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Ether
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Ether diéthylique
—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	○	●	○	Ethylcétone de méthyle
○	○	—	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	○	Formaldéhyde
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	Glycérine
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	Glycérine aqueuse
○	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	Glycol
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	Glycol aqueux

1) NBR = Nitrile butadiène caoutchouc
 2) EPDM = Ethylène propylènetèter-polymère

Produits chimiques

V	V-FDA	VH	U0 UH	U	U2H	A	G ¹	G ²	S	E	
○	●	—	●	●	●	○	○	—	○	●	Heptane
○	●	—	●	●	●	○	○	—	○	●	Hexane
○	○	○	○	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	2-Hexanol éthylique
●	●	●	—	—	—	○	○	●	—	○	Hydroxyde de sodium (soude caustique)
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	—	○	●	●	Hypochlorite de sodium
○	●	—	●	●	●	○	●	—	○	●	Iso-octane
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Iodure de potassium
●	●	—	—	—	—	○	—	●	—	●	Lessive contenant de la potasse caustique 50%
●	●	—	—	—	—	●	○	●	—	●	Lessive contenant de la potasse caustique 25%
●	●	—	—	—	—	●	○	●	○	●	Lessive contenant de la potasse caustique 10%
●	●	—	—	—	—	○	—	●	—	—	Lessive contenant de la soude caustique (voir lessive de potasse) 50%
●	●	—	—	—	—	○	○	●	—	○	Lessive contenant de la soude caustique (voir lessive de potasse) 25%
●	●	—	○	—	—	●	○	●	○	●	Lessive contenant de la soude caustique (voir lessive de potasse) 10%
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Mercure
—	—	—	○	○	—	○	○	—	—	○	Naphtaline
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Nitrate d'ammonium
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Nitrate de calcium
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Nitrate de potassium
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Nitrate de sodium
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Nitrite de sodium
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	●	○	Nitrobenzène
○	●	—	●	●	●	○	●	—	○	●	Octane (voir aussi iso-octane)
○	○	○	●	●	○	○	○	●	○	●	Ozone
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	—	○	●	●	Pentaoxyde de phosphore
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	Perborate de sodium
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Perchloréthylène
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	●	Permanganate de potassium
●	●	○	○	○	●	●	—	○	●	○	Peroxyde d'hydrogène 10%
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	●	Persulfate de potassium
○	○	—	○	○	○	○	—	○	●	—	Phénol
○	○	—	○	—	○	○	○	○	●	—	Phénol aqueux
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Phosphate d'ammonium
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Phosphate de sodium
●	●	○	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	Propane gazeux
●	●	○	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	Propane liquide
—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	○	○	—	Pyridine
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	Sels argentifères
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Sels d'aluminium
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Sulfate d'ammonium
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Sels de baryum
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	Sels chromés
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Sels de cuivre

¹⁾ NBR = Nitrile butadiène caoutchouc
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Produits chimiques techniques

V	V-FDA	VH	U0 UH	U	U2H	A	G ¹	G ²	S	E	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Acide pour accumulateurs
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Acide sulfochromique
●	●	—	○	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	Agents de lavage*
●	●	—	○	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	Agents de lavage synthétiques*
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Alun
—	—	—	—	○	○	○	○	—	○	○	Antimites
○	●	—	●	●	●	○	●	●	○	●	Asphalte
○	○	—	○	●	●	○	—	○	○	●	Bains de chrome techniques*
●	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	Borax
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Carbonate de sodium (soude)
○	●	—	●	●	●	○	●	—	○	●	Carburants: Essence DIN 51 635
○	●	—	●	●	●	○	○	—	○	●	Essence normale
—	—	—	○	○	○	○	○	—	○	●	Essence super
●	●	—	●	●	●	○	●	—	○	●	Fuel Diesel*
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	○	—	—	Chlore actif
●	●	●	●	●	○	●	—	●	●	●	Chlorure de chaux (désagrégation aqueuse)
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	—	○	●	Cirage*
●	●	—	○	—	—	●	○	●	○	○	Détergents
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Eau de mer
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Eau régale
—	—	—	●	●	—	●	—	●	●	●	Emollients: Dibuthyl phtalate
—	—	—	●	●	—	●	—	●	●	●	Dibuthyl sébazate
—	—	—	●	●	—	●	—	●	●	●	Dihexyl phtalate
—	—	—	●	●	—	●	—	●	●	●	Diisononyl phtalate
—	—	—	●	●	—	●	—	●	●	●	Dinonyl adipate
—	—	—	●	●	—	●	—	●	●	●	Diocetyl adipate
—	—	—	●	●	—	●	—	●	●	●	Diocetyl phtalate
—	—	—	●	●	—	●	—	●	●	●	Tricrésylphosphate
—	—	—	●	●	—	●	—	●	●	●	Triocetylphosphate
○	●	—	●	●	●	○	●	●	○	●	Encaustique*
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Encre*
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Engrais artificiels
○	●	—	●	●	●	○	○	—	○	●	Essence
○	●	—	●	●	●	○	●	—	○	●	Essence de test
○	●	—	●	●	●	○	●	—	—	●	Ether de pétrole
○	○	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	Formaline
●	●	—	●	●	●	○	●	—	○	●	Gas – oil*
●	●	—	●	●	●	○	—	—	○	●	Goudron*
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	—	—	●	Huile gélatineuse
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	Huile de lin
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	Huile pour machines à écrire et à coudre
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	Huiles minérales (sans aromates)*
●	●	—	●	●	●	○	●	—	●	●	Huiles pour moteurs*
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	Huile de paraffine

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Produits alimentaires



V	V-FDA	VH	U0 UH	U	U2H	A	G ¹	G ²	S	E	
●	●	●	—	—	—	●	●	●	●	●	Acide citrique
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Acide tartrique
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Amidon aqueux
●	●	○	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Arôme de citron
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Beurre
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Bière
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Bouillie de semoule
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Cacao prêt à boire
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Cacao (poudre)
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Café (grains et moulu)
●	●	○	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Café prêt à boire
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Cannelle (bâtons)
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Cannelle (poudre)
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Céréales
●	●	○	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Choucroute
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Clou de girofle
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Concentrés de cola
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Confiture
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	Crème, crème fouettée
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Eau
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Eau gazeuse
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Eau salée
○	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	Eau-de-vie
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Farine
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Feuilles de thé
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Fromage
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	Fromage blanc
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Gâteaux*
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Gélatine
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Gélee
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Gin
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Glucose
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Grappes de raisins
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Hareng salé
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	Huile alimentaire, animale
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	Huile alimentaire, végétale
—	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	Huile d'arachide
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	Huile de coco
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	Huile de foie de morue
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	Huile de lin
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	Huile d'olive
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	Huile de palme
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	Huile de pousses de maïs
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	Huile de tournesol
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	Huile de soja
											*La résistance dépend de la composition du produit

1) NBR = Nitrile butadiène caoutchouc
2) EPDM = Ethylène propylènetèr-polymère

Produits alimentaires

V	V-FDA	VH	U0 UH	U	U2H	A	G ¹	G ²	S	E	
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Jus d'ananas
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Jus de citrons
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Jus de fruits
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Jus d'oranges
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Jus de pamplemousses
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Jus de pommes
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Jus de tomates
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Ketchup de tomates
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	Lactosérum
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Lait
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Légumes crus
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Légumes cuits
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Levain
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Limonades
●	●	○	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Liqueurs
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Maïs
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	Margarine
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	Mayonnaise
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Mélasses
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Miel
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	Moutarde
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Œuf (cru, à la coque)
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Pain
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Paprika
○	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Poisson
●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	●	●	○	Poisson mariné en sauces diverses*
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Poivre
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Produits laitiers
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Pudding
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Purée de pommes
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Purée de pommes de terre
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Raifort préparé
○	●	○	●	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	Rhum*
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Riz
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	Saindoux
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Salade de fruits (sans graisse)
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Salade de pommes de terre
●	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Sauce
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	Saucisson
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Sel sec
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Sirop
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Sirop d'amidon
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Sirop de betteraves à sucre
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	Sucre sec
○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	—	●	●	Suif de bœuf
											*La résistance dépend de la composition du produit

¹⁾ NBR = Nitrile butadiène caoutchouc
²⁾ EPDM = Ethylène propylène-terpolymère



MOVEMENT SYSTEMS

En raison de la diversité des utilisations de nos produits ainsi que des données particulières respectives, nos instructions, indications et renseignements sur la qualification de ces derniers ne représentent que des directives générales et ne dégagent pas le client d'un essai et d'un contrôle sous sa propre responsabilité. Lors d'une assistance technique par nos soins, le client est seul responsable de la réussite de son travail.

Le Service Forbo Siegling – à tout moment dans le monde

Forbo Siegling emploie plus de 2.000 personnes dans les sociétés du Groupe. Nos produits sont fabriqués dans neuf sites de production dans le monde; des sociétés du Groupe et agences avec stocks et ateliers sont présentes dans plus de 80 pays.

Forbo Siegling dispose de points de service, plus de 300 adresses dans le monde.

Forbo Siegling GmbH
Lilienthalstraße 6/8, D-30179 Hannover
Telefon +49 511 6704 0, Fax +49 511 6704 305
www.forbo-siegling.com, siegling@forbo.com

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